



## The 2022 Ottawa Region Charity & Not-for-Profit Law Webinar **February 17, 2022**

## **Transition Challenges under the ONCA**

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#### A. ONCA IS FINALLY IN FORCE

- Ontario Not-for-Profit Corporations Act, 2010 ("ONCA") was proclaimed into force on October 19, 2021
- ONCA now applies to non-share capital membership corporations under Part III of Ontario Corporations Act ("OCA")
- New online Ontario Business Registry (OBR) also launched on October 19, 2021
- This presentation does not cover special issues, e.g.
  - Special act corporations they need special caseby-case review
  - Share capital social clubs under Part II of OCA they will have 5 years to continue under the ONCA, the Ontario Business Corporations Act or the Cooperative Corporations Act

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**B. IMPLICATIONS OF ONCA PROCLAMATION** 

## **Automatic application of ONCA**

 ONCA applies to all Part III OCA corporations automatically upon proclamation

## Effect of doing nothing

- Corporation will not be dissolved BUT the following governing documents will continue to govern for 3 years even if inconsistent with ONCA, but will be deemed amended after 3 years of proclamation to comply with the ONCA - will result in uncertainty
  - Letters patent ("LP")
  - Supplementary letters patent ("SLPs")
  - · By-laws
  - · Special resolutions

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**Optional transition process** 

- Can take transition process within 3 years of proclamation to make necessary changes to current governing documents:
  - · Adopt Articles of Amendment
  - Adopt ONCA-compliant by-law
- Prudent to go through the transition process

#### **End result**

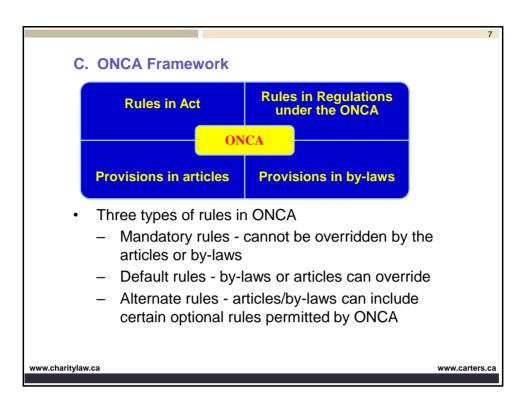
- · After the transition process, corporation will be governed by
  - LP & SLPs, as amended by Articles of Amendment consider consolidating them in Restated Articles
  - ONCA-compliant by-law
- For more details, see materials from webinar entitled "Moving Forward with the ONCA" held on December 8, 2021 https://www.carters.ca/pub/seminar/charity/2021/ONCA/Handout2021.pdf

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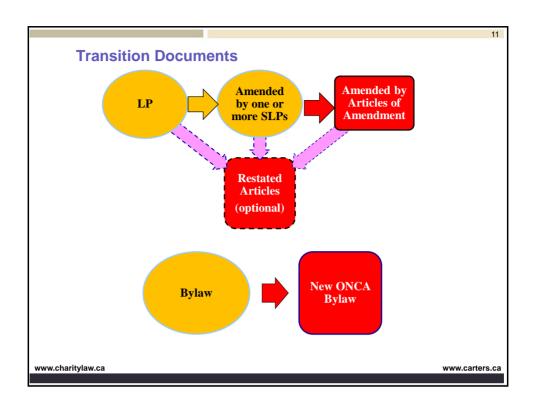
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COLLECT GOVERNING DOCUMENTS	Confirm corporation is actually under the OCA
	Committee Constitution is actually under the Con
	Collect LP, SLPs, by-laws (including amendments)
	Collect governance related documents - e.g., organizational charts, policies, manuals
REVIEW GOVERNING DOCUMENTS	Do they reflect current governance process? If not, what is current governance process?
	Are changes desired? Write them down, come up with a wish lis
STUDY KEY ONCA FEATURES	Determine how current governance structure will be impacted by the ONCA
	Understand the ONCA framework and rules in the ONCA and Regulations
	Are the current by-laws or desired governance structure/process inconsistent with ONCA? What to do if they are?

PREPARE ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT AND RESTATED ARTICLES	Articles of Amendment – to amend LP and SLPs
	Optional to prepare Restated Articles of Incorporation – to consolidated provisions in LP, SLPs and Articles of Amendment
PREPARE ONCA- COMPLIANT BY-LAW	By-law will need to be replaced or substantially revised because the ONCA is very different from OCA
	Generally easier to start with fresh ONCA by-law than to amend current by-law
	Some changes may require consideration and consultation with members, some changes may only be administrative
APPROVAL AND FILINGS	Board and members to adopt articles and by-law
	File Articles of Amendment (and Restated Articles) with the Ministry (but not by-laws), Ministry will issue Certificate of Amendment (and Certificate of Restated Articles)
	Registered charities - file articles and by-law with Canada Revenue Agency, Charities Directorate









E. TRANSITIONING CHALLENGES - SOME EXAMPLES

#### **#1** Articles of Amendments/Restated Articles process

- Simply adopting an ONCA-compliant by-law is not sufficient
- LP and SLPs need to be amended to comply with new ONCA requirements – by Articles of Amendment
  - Set out the following in the articles:
    - Number of directors
    - Number of membership classes and voting rights
  - Dissolution clause needs to comply with new rules in the ONCA
  - Add additional provisions

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- After adoption of Articles of Amendment, corporation will need to flip back and forth between the following documents
  - IP
  - As amended by SLPs in the past
  - As amended by Articles of Amendment
- Can consolidate all these into Restated Articles of Incorporation
  - Needs to carefully consider how to consolidate
  - Additional filing fees and processing time
  - Certain default provisions will be automatically inserted into the articles – may need to anticipate them when doing Articles of Amendment

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#### #2 Company key and filing/processing problems

- There are glitches with the forms and online filing process
- Need to write to the Ministry to request the "company key"
  - Company key will be mailed to the head office on record of the Ministry
  - What if head office location on record with the Ministry is not up-to-date?
- · Needs formal email address for each corporation
- Glitches with the form and filing process

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# #3 Consent from Ontario Public Guardian and Trustee ("PGT")

 Needs to obtain consent from PGT under certain situations

### (a) Revisions to purposes

- If a charitable corporation wants to update its purposes set out in the LP/SLPs, they must be amended by Articles of Amendment
- Articles of Amendment form will <u>automatically</u> insert "after acquired" clause, regardless of the changes being made, unless the Public Guardian and Trustee ("PGT") has provided written consent to waive it
- · This does not apply to non-charitable corporations

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- Implications of having "after acquired" clause:
  - Funds and other property <u>acquired before</u> the
     Articles of Amendment can only be used for the
     purposes before the amendment (will include all
     income received from a Will, deed or other trust
     <u>made before</u> the Articles of Amendment became
     effective, regardless of when the funds or property
     are received by the charity)
  - Funds and other property <u>acquired after</u> the Articles of Amendment can only be used for the purposes as changed by the Articles of Amendment

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- There may be situations where "after acquired" clause may not be appropriate
  - Such as updating old language in the purposes
  - Needs to write to PGT in advance to obtain their written consent
  - File the consent with the Articles of Amendment
  - Retain the consent letter in the records of the charity

### (b) Other situations where PGT's consent is required

- PGT's consent is required to use the term "Foundation" in the corporate name
- If the PGT has requested notification of any application for changes with respect to the corporation

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## **#4 Some ONCA corporations might be better off continuing to CNCA**

- Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act (CNCA) became law in 2011
- Instead of preparing articles and new by-laws to comply with the ONCA, Ontario corporations may become a federal corporation by:
  - Export out of Ontario -> file Authorization to Continue
     Out of the NFPCA with Ontario Ministry
  - Import into CNCA ->
    - File Articles of Continuance with Corporations Canada
    - Adopt CNCA-compliant by-law

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- · Rules in the CNCA are very similar to those in the ONCA
- · Examples of key differences
  - ONCA generally has lower thresholds requiring audit/review engagement
  - ONCA corporations are subject to the PGT's jurisdiction
  - CNCA does not permit ex officio directors
  - CNCA allows members in different classes (including non-voting members) veto class voting rights for certain fundamental changes
  - CNCA corporations do not need to get PGT's approval for any corporate changes

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- Examples of corporations that may be good candidates to go federal
  - Corporations that carry on activities in different provinces
  - Corporations that have members in different provinces and want to hold members' meetings in different provinces from time to time
  - Operational issues umbrella organization, consistent operation of network of related corporations, etc.

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Examples of corporations that may not want to go federal

- Attractive features of the ONCA ex officio directors
- Multiple membership classes
- Operational Issues network of related corporations under a federal umbrella organization
- Prohibitions some organizations are required to be incorporated provincially in Ontario
- Corporate process can the corporation obtain the necessary membership approval to effect such as a fundamental corporate change?
- Needs case by case review

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