GRACE APOSTOLIC CHURCH LEGAL SEMINAR

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Criminal Code Amendments (Bill C-250-Hate Crimes)

(Power Point Presentation)

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Sections 318 and 319 of the Criminal Code

Bill C-250 (Hate Crimes) died but may be re-introduced and would provide as follows if Bill C-250 is reintroduced

Section 318 - Hate Propaganda

Advocating genocide

- (1) Every one who advocates or promotes genocide is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.
- (2) In this section, "genocide" means any of the following acts committed with intent to destroy in whole or in part any identifiable group, namely,

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- (a) killing members of the group; or
- (b) deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction.
- (3) No proceeding for an offence under this section shall be instituted without the consent of the Attorney General
- (4) In this section, "identifiable group" means any section of the public distinguished by colour, race, religion (or) ethnic origin or sexual orientation.



Section 319

- (1) Every one who, by communicating statements in any public place, incites hatred against any identifiable group where such incitement is likely to lead to a breach of the peace is guilty of
 - (a) an indictable offence and is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years; or
 - (b) an offence punishable on summary conviction.
- (2) Every one who, by communicating statements, other than in private conversation, willfully promotes hatred against any identifiable group is guilty of
 - (a) an indictable offence and is liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years; or
 - (b) an offence punishable on summary conviction.

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- (3) No person shall be convicted of an offence under subsection (2)
 - (a) if he establishes that the statements communicated were true;
 - (b) if, in good faith, he expressed or attempted to establish by argument an opinion on a religious subject or an opinion based on a belief in a religious text;
 - (c) if the statements were relevant to any subject of public interest, the discussion of which was for the public benefit, and if on reasonable grounds he believed them to be true; or
 - (d) if, in good faith, he intended to point out, for the purpose of removal, matters producing or tending to produce feelings of hatred toward an identifiable group in Canada.

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- (4) Not applicable
- (5) Not applicable
- (6) No proceeding for an offence under subsection (2) shall be instituted without the consent of the Attorney General.
- (7) In this section,

"communicating" includes communicating by telephone, broadcasting or other audible or visible means;

"identifiable group" has the same meaning as in section 318;

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"public place" includes any place to which the public have access as of right or by invitation, express or implied;

"statements" includes words spoken or written or recorded electronically or electro-magnetically or otherwise, and gestures, signs or other visible representations.



Notes

- Are two separate offences "communicating statements" and "promoting hatred"
- The "communicating statements" offence does not require Attorney General consent nor does it have 4 statutory defences
- Both offences allow for arrest however, it must comply with S.495 of the *Criminal Code*

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- The "promoting hatred" offence has 4 defences:
 - Truth
 - Good faith religious opinion
 - Public benefit
 - Removal of hatred and it requires Attorney General consent
- "Communicating statements" offence can result in a conviction even if 4 defences are present

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- Identifiable group meaning of "orientation" is unclear. If it includes "inclination" and/or "actions" may protect polygamists, bisexuals, pedophiles or child pornographers
- Passages in Koran, Torah, Bible, etc. may be designated as promoting hatred
- "Communicate": includes all means of disseminating information
- The religious good faith defence has not succeeded in Canada

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- "Promoting hatred" may only require willful blindness
- Freedom of religion is relative to equality rights of minorities
- Defences to "communicating statements" offence include:
 - Not stir up hatred
 - Not in public place
 - Not lead to danger to public or property
 - Victim criticized for another reason



Suggestions

Suggestions until the law is settled:

- Avoid public criticisms of identifiable groups or its activities
- Limit opinions to private conversations
- Continue to express views to M.P.s
- If targeted or investigated, rely on constitutional right to remain silent. Inasmuch as offence is directly related to intention and motive, silence is usually preferable at initial stages

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